

CHRIST KING HR. SEC. SCHOOL, KOHIMA
CLASS-3 A&B
SOCIAL SCIENCE- FIRST TERM 2020

Chapter- 5
Our means of communication

Fill in the blanks

1. Postman takes our messages from one place to another.
2. Long ago trained pigeon carried messages from one place to another.
3. We get inland letters, postal cards and stamped envelopes from the post office.
4. Telegraph is a short message sent to someone.
5. Radio, newspaper and television are the means of mass communication.

B. Answer the following:

1. Which is the cheapest means of communication?
Ans. Radio is the cheapest means of communication.
2. What are the advantages of a telephone?
Ans. The advantages of a telephone are-
 - a. We can easily talk to people living far away.
 - b. It takes only a few seconds to get connected and share messages.
3. Write two means of modern communication?
Ans. Two means of modern communication are computer and internet.
4. What is communication?
Ans. Sending and receiving messages is called communication.
5. What is telegram?
An Ans. Short message sent to someone is called a telegram.

C. Circle the odd one out in each row:

1. Radio, telephone, television, internet
2. Courier, telegram, speed post, postcard.
3. E-mail, internet, newspaper, computer.
4. Parrot, sparrow, crow, pigeon.

Chapter- 9
Our Earth

A. Fill in the blanks:

1. The earth is the only planet, which has life.
2. The sun and the nine planets are known as the solar system.
3. The earth belongs to the family of the sun.
4. The earth is not static.
5. To complete a rotation, the earth requires 24 hours a day.
6. To complete one revolution, the earth needs about 365 days.

B. Answer the questions:

1. What are poles?
Ans. The flat areas of the earth are known as the poles.
2. Describe the movements of the earth?
Ans. The earth has two types of movement called the rotation and the revolution.
The earth spins like a top on its axis from the west to the east. This movement is called rotation.
The earth while moving on its axis also moves round the sun and this movement is called revolution.
3. What is the shape of the earth?

Ans. The earth is slightly flat at the top and bottom and bulging at the centre.

4. What is known as the solar system?

Ans. The sun with the eight planets is known as the solar system.

5. Why the earth is known as the life planet?

Ans. The earth is the only planet that has got water, air and dry land to live, so it called the life planet.

C. Match the following:

1. The centre of the earth	Mercury- 3
2. The movement of the earth around the sun	Equator-1
3. The planet nearest to the sun	The moon-5
4. The earth spins around its	Axis-4
5. The satellite of the earth	Revolution-2

Chapter -11
The states of India

A. Fill in the blanks:

1. We choose people to form the government.
2. India is known for its tradition and culture.
3. The country is divided into 29 states and 7 union territories.
4. The president of India lives in Delhi at Rashtrapati Bhavan.
5. Unity in diversity is our speciality.

B. Answer the following:

1. Into how many states and union territories is India divided?

Ans. India is divided into 29 states and 7 union territories.

2. What goals have been set by the constitution makers?

Ans. Democracy, secularism and socialism are the goals set up by the constitution makers.

3. What are called the seven sisters of the north east?

Ans. Nagaland, Assam, Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Tripura and Manipur are called the seven sisters of the north east.

4. For how long was India a British colony? When did it become independent?

Ans. For nearly 200 years India was a British colony. India became independent on 15th August 1947.
