

CLASS – 8
SUBJECT - ENGLISH II

CHAPTER – 9
VERBS : FINITE - NON- FINITE

ANSWER KEYS

WORKSHEET

A. Fill in the blanks with **infinitives either with 'to' or without 'to':**

1. to hurt
2. to buy
3. hold
4. to greet
5. solve
6. to escape
7. use
8. to have
9. to meet
10. to buy
11. to leave
12. to resign

B. Combine each pair of sentences by means of an **infinitive:**

1. He hid himself under a bridge to escape from the police.
2. I was very happy to hear of his success.
3. Mohan was frightened to see his enemy.
4. He saved a lot of money to build a house.
5. I have something to give you.
6. He is too short to reach the blackboard.
7. Pradeep hired a taxi to reach his office in time.
8. The hunter fired a bullet in the air to frighten the tiger.
9. It was foolish of them to insult their teacher.
10. I must work hard to win a medal.
11. My friends are coming tomorrow to stay here for a week.
12. Sudhir ran away from house to become an actor.

9.1 THE PARTICIPLE

WORKSHEET

A. Combine each pair of sentences by means of a participle:

1. On seeing the police, I hid behind a tree.
2. Mohan found his name having been crossed out.
3. Having arrived late, Peter found the gate locked.
4. With many of the students having failed, the teacher conducted another test.
5. Being tired of waiting, I went away.
6. Not knowing what to say, he remained silent.

B. Complete the following sentences using participle construction:

1. Extracted
2. Seated
3. Amazed
4. Standing
5. Being late
6. Burgled into

9.2 Gerund

WORKSHEET

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable gerunds formed from the given verbs:

1. Abusing
2. Reading
3. Smoking
4. Travelling
5. Stealing
6. Writing
7. Singing
8. Wasting
9. Writing
10. Lending
11. Shouting
12. Borrowing

B. Complete the sentences with suitable prepositions and gerunds of the given verbs:

1. Thinking over
2. To sleeping
3. Of doing
4. In building
5. Of helping
6. In his being

7. Going
8. For marketing
9. In painting

C. Rewrite the following sentences using gerunds in place of the infinitives:

1. Advising others is easy.
2. Writing a good composition needs careful planning.
3. Having good manners is more important than having wealth.
4. All the boys started speaking at once.
5. Girls love wearing flowers.
6. Sheela hates obeying others.
7. Meeting you again will be a great pleasure.
8. You should learn respecting elders.
9. Cooking well is an art.
10. Her hobby is photographing natural scenes.
11. Shooting birds is forbidden here.
12. Arriving late is bad manner.

CHAPETER – 10

ADVERBS “TOO” AND “ENOUGH”

WORKSHEET

A. Rewrite the following sentences after removing the adverb ‘too’:

1. Della was so poor that she could not buy a television set.
2. The book is so expensive that they cannot buy it.
3. Meena was so ill that she could not attend the classes.
4. Abdul is so small that he cannot climb trees.
5. The teacher was so angry that he shouted.
6. The box is so heavy that I cannot carry it.
7. The shirt was so old that it cannot be worn.
8. Delhi is so far that we cannot go there walking.
9. Some children are so poor that they cannot pay the school fees.
10. These mangoes are so cheap that they cannot be good.

B. Combine the following pairs of sentences using ‘too + infinitive’:

1. The picture is too pretty not to attract attention.
2. Ram is too stingy to spend money.
3. The box is too heavy to be lifted.
4. John is too weak to walk long distances.
5. The tea is too hot for me to drink.

6. Leela speaks too fast to be understood.
7. The mangoes were too high for Anvar to reach them.
8. Mary is too intelligent to fail.
9. The ground was too slippery for us to walk.
10. The leader spoke too fast to be understood.
11. Her dress is too simple to attract attention.
12. The film is too vulgar to be screened.

C. Combine each pair of sentences using 'enough to':

1. John is clever enough to do this.
2. The dress is big enough to suit her well.
3. Ramesh is old enough to join the private school.
4. He worked hard enough to win a medal.
5. Lizzy is tall enough to reach the ceiling.
6. My bag is large enough to hold all my books.
7. The fox was cunning enough to cheat the lion.
8. The room is large enough to accommodate fifty students.
9. The policeman ran fast enough to catch the thief.
10. Mona is strong enough to catch a bundle of sticks.

CHAPTER – 11

PREPOSITION

WORKSHEET

A. Fill the blanks in the sentences below with appropriate prepositions:

1. For
2. Of
3. In
4. In
5. Against
6. Over
7. At
8. Of
9. Near
10. Between
11. For
12. Within
13. At
14. With
15. On

16. Among
17. Except
18. At
19. By
20. Under
21. On
22. At
23. For
24. By
25. Into
26. By
27. To
28. For

11.1 - Prepositional Verbs or Phrasal Verb

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable **phrasal verbs**:

1. Lay by
2. Gave up
3. Made away
4. Cut down
5. To abide by
6. Put up with
7. Bring about
8. Came across
9. Acted under
10. Broke out

B. Make **meaningful sentences** by combing the phrasal verbs in column **A** with the **endings** in column **B**.

1. On way to Madurai.
2. With the stolen articles.
3. The book to the library.
4. As they could not face ours.
5. His bosom friend.
6. When she was in Delhi.
7. A proper dinner.
8. In spite of the difficulties.
9. And that made me angry.
10. Bribes if we go to them.

11. On my way to office.
12. The answer, said the teacher.

CHAPTER – 12
VOICE : ACTIVE AND PASSIVE

WORKSHEET

A. Change each sentence from the active voice to the passive voice:

1. The snake was killed with a club by the farmer.
2. Bath is being taken by him at this time.
3. A long morning walk is taken by us everyday.
4. Much good is done to the body by light food.
5. Chess will be played by us in the evening.
6. The harvest has been reaped by the reaper.
7. The entire job had been completed in time by them.
8. A lot of honey will have been collected by the bees.
9. A new plan was thought out by them.
10. A lot of noise was being made by the children.
11. The Red Indians were butchered by the European settlers.

B. Change each sentences from the passive voice to the active voice:

1. I have written a new book.
2. The servant will have cleaned the room.
3. The maid had mopped the floor.
4. The milkman was milking the cow.
5. What were you doing there?
6. The operator will typeset the book.
7. Do they work out by the sums?
8. Will the teacher teach a new lesson?
9. They elected him the leader.
10. They have built a bridge across the river.
11. They promoted him to the rank of a general.

C. Change each sentences into the passive voice:

1. Quinine is bitter when it is tasted.
2. It is time for food to be taken.
3. Let the weak be never troubled.
4. You are required to switch the fan on.
5. Let him be directed to the post office.
6. You are requested to lend me your pen.

7. You are advised to be always honest in your dealings.

CHAPTER 13
NARRATION – DIRECT TO INDIRECT

WORKSHEET

A. Convert the following into indirect speech:

1. The crocodile told the monkey that his wife wanted to eat his heart. The monkey said his heart was on the tree.
2. I told the conductor that he had kept the rule but had broken its spirit.
3. The conductor told the passenger that the bus would not move on unless that dog is brought out.
4. Jeeva told her friends that she had plans to brighten her future. Her friend stated that he did not have any and trusted god.
5. Jesus said that they always have the poor with them.
6. The professor said that the earth moves round the sun.
7. Leela says that she is in poor health yet she tries to do her duties well. Meena said that she does not believe her.
8. Jim suggested Della that they should put their Christmas presents away and keep them a while as they were too nice to be used just then.

B. Change the following sentences into indirect speech:

1. The policeman ordered the woman passenger to give him her name and address.
2. The little child requested to be taken to his mother.
3. The Master told his followers to walk and pray.
4. My friend requested me to wait there till he returned.
5. The blind beggar begged to give him something to eat.
6. Ram reminded Gopal not to forget about the next day's meeting.
7. The examiner instructed the candidate to write fast and not to waste their time.
8. The mother instructed her daughter to dress herself properly before going anywhere.
9. John cautioned his children not to go near water and fire.

C. Change the following question sentences into indirect speech:

1. Arun asked Sunil how they would cross that deep river.
2. My teacher asked me why I had been absent the previous day.
3. Ramu question his colleague why he had come late. His colleague asked back who he was to question him.
4. The girl asked the shopkeeper how much money he wanted for those bangles.
5. I ask my friend what help he expected from me.
6. The passengers asked the clerk when the next train would leave for Delhi.

7. Anju asked Manju where he had kept the novel.
8. I asked John to whom he had given the new dictionary.

D. Convert the given question sentences into indirect speech:

1. The headmistress asked Mary if she could teach their girls how to dance.
2. Some people asked where they go from there,
3. Tom asked Ben whether they go from there.
4. Leena asked her brother whether he would go to visit his friend in the hospital.
5. He wondered whether he would ever earn more money.
6. The stranger asked the boy whether his parents were very rich.
7. My father asked the ticket collector whether it was possible to extend their tickets up to Mumbai.
8. Mrs. Bennet asked her husband whether he had heard that Netherfield Park was let out at last.
9. The pupils enquired of the examiner whether they had to answer all those questions.

E. Change the following sentences into indirect speech:

1. The woman exclaimed that their daughter had not laughed like that for years.
2. The headmaster exclaimed that she was very intelligent.
3. People exclaimed that science is most wonderful.
4. The old man exclaimed at the greatness of God.
5. The student who had failed exclaimed sorrowfully that he was ruined.
6. In his agony he exclaimed sorrowfully that he had pursued him all his life.
7. The people exclaimed admiringly that the horse was very fine.
8. Ramu exclaimed with joy that their team had won the game.
9. The old man exclaimed sorrowfully that he was a broken man with no wealth and none to care for him.

CHAPTER – 15

NARRATION – INDIRECT TO DIRECT

WORKSHEET

A. Change the following sentences into direct speech:

1. Nerhu wrote, "I wish to declare with all earnestness that I do not want religious ceremonies performed for me after my death".
2. Mr. Bennett said to Lizzy, "Mr. Bingly will certainly like this hat".
3. Manoj said, "I hate going to school".
4. King Francis said to the noble, "It is not my lady's love but her vanity which has goaded me to do such a dangerous task".
5. The priest said to the peasant, "The gift is yours for you loved everyone".

6. The giant shouted, "Nobody is killing me".
7. She said, "I can speak five languages fluently".
8. The doctor said to the patient, "The tonic will surely make you feel better".
9. Ramu said to his son, "I will help you only if you promise to behave well".
10. The students said the inspector, "Nobody has bothered to complete the syllabus".
11. The Prime Minister said, "The country is going through a period of difficult situation. Everyone should work for the welfare of the country".
12. Jesus said to Peter, "He who takes up a sword will perish by the sword".
13. The boy said to his uncle, "We have taken up arms in order to put down arms".

B. Convert the following sentences into **direct** speech:

1. The king said in his fury, "Guards, put old Tirumala in the dungeon".
2. The princess sad to the priest, "Please, help us to divide the kingdom among us".
3. Mrimal said to her children, "Do your day-to-day lessons at home".
4. He said to us, "Please, give me something to eat".
5. Arup said to his mother, "Please, give me a thousand rupees to go on a tour".
6. Mohan said to his son, "Give a cheque to your tailor".
7. The master said to his servant, "Do not steal anything from others' property".
8. God said to Abraham, "Leave your country and your kindred and go to the land I will show you".
9. The President said, "Citizens, do not fight in the name of caste and community".

C. Change the following sentences into **direct** speech:

1. The policeman stopped Robert and said, "Where are the robbers hiding?"
2. I often ask myself, "Why should I work hard?"
3. A stranger came and said to me, "How many students are learning music?"
4. The Headmaster said to the teachers, "How many of you have completed your syllabus?"
5. The passenger said to the station-master, "When will the next train to Kolkata leave?"
6. He said to the postman, "Why has my brother's letter been delivered very late?"
7. The customer said to the shopkeeper, "How much money will I have to pay for a kilo of sugar?"
8. Jaya said to the librarian, "How many books can I take at a time?"
9. Mrs. Joan said to her maidservant, "How did you break my new glass?"

D. Convert the following sentences into **direct** speech:

1. Sherry said to her brother, "Will you go to the market and buy some fruits?"
2. The king said to the minister, "Have you visited all the villages?"
3. The blind man said to me, "Will you be kind enough to lead me to the other side of the road?"
4. Suresh said of Sudhir, "Has our teacher started teaching History?"

5. Sam said to his sister, "Would you like to teach me how to swim?"
6. The girl said to the manager, "Is there any vacancy for a librarian?"
7. Mr Singh said, "Boys, are you ready to take a test in Geography?"
8. The fox said to the cock, "Will you come down from the tree?"
9. We said to one another, "Shall we sit for the examination or wait for another year?"

E. Change the following sentences into **direct** speech:

1. They said, "Oh, how tired we are!"
2. The audience said, "What a wonderful dance!"
3. Jean said, "How foolish of me to listen to my friend's advice!"
4. Many people grumbled, "How cruel is fate to us!"
5. On meeting her old friend Mary said, "How happy I am to meet you!"
6. The fox said, "What a sweet voice you have!"
7. Kamala said, "Alas! I am deserted!"
8. She said, "Oh! You have not attended the function!"
9. I said to my servant, "Hello! Are you deaf?"