

LESSON- 7
LOVE IS UNCONDITIONAL

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. No one has greater love than this, to lay own one's life for **one's friends**.
2. The widow of **Zarephat** who forgets her own needs to feed **EliJah**.
3. **Abraham** whose attitude towards the **three travellers** was of kind concern.
4. The son of man came not to be **served** but to serve, and to give his life as ransom for many.

II. How did Jesus meet the needs of the people in the following passages?

- a. Jn 2:1-11, He met the needs of the bridegroom at the marriage feast at Cana when the wine was over.
- b. Mk 1: 30 -31, as soon as he was told that Simon Peter's mother – in – law was sick, he took her by the hand healed her.
- c. Jn 5: 1- 15 , Jesus healed the cripple at the pool.

Lesson- 9

PURITY IN DEFENCE OF LOVE
(SAINTS AS MODELS OF PURITY)

1. What is purity?

Ans: -purity is understanding the profound mystery of sex.

-purity is being honest with oneself.

-purity is acquiring a certain amount of control over oneself.

-purity is having courage to go against the current of sexual permissiveness.

-purity is understanding that the other sex is a person.

2. How can purity be Cultivated.

Ans: purity can be cultivated –

- Controlling our thoughts, word and action.
- Overcoming selfishness.
- Serving others selflessly.
- Being prudent and careful.
- Being aware of one's weakness.
- Avoiding chances that lead to negative feelings.
- Being open to God.
- Avoiding impure thoughts.

Fill in the blanks:

1. Purity is **being honest** with oneself.
2. Purity is acquiring a certain amount of **control** over oneself.
3. Purity is **understanding** that the other sex is a person.
4. Maria was **pained** and **disillusioned**.

LESSON – 21

LITURGY AND PERSONAL PRAYER.

1. What do you need to do if you want to pray well?

Ans: If you want to pray well:

- Choose a quiet time.
- Choose a quiet place.
- Choose a quiet posture.

2. What is first Friday devotions?

Ans: A very popular form of devotion in honour of the sacred Heart of Jesus recommended by Jesus Himself.

3. What does visit to the Blessed Sacrament means?

Ans: An ancient practice of devotion to the Blessed Sacrament. It consists in spending some time, in front of the Blessed Sacrament in personal prayer and reflection.

4. What is the importance of prayer before meal and prayer after meals?

Ans: Prayer before and after meals is one way by which we express our gratitude to God. When we pray we realize that it is God who provides and fulfils all our needs.

5. What do you mean by Novenas?

Ans: It is a period of nine days set aside for special prayers and devotions in honour of Mary or the saints.

6. What is Triduum?

Ans: This is a period of three consecutive days of prayer in preparation for a feast or any special occasion. The devotion is held on the occasion of a Triduum are similar to what is done for Novenas.

7. What is Holy Hours?

Ans: A form of prayer strongly encouraged by the church. This devotion consists in spending an hour alone or with others in front of the Blessed sacrament, in prayer and reflection.

LESSON – 22

LITURGY AND THE VENERATION OF SAINTS.

Fill in the blanks:

1. St. Joseph is the Patron of a Happy death.
2. St. Francis Xavier is the Patron of the Missions.
3. St. Francis de sales is the patron of the journalists.
4. St. Blaise is the Patron saint of throat ailments.
5. St. Patrick is the Patron saint of Ireland as he converted the Irish to the Catholic Church.

A. What do we learn from the veneration of the saints?

- Ans: a. Saints are our models.
b. saints are our intercessors.
c. in honouring the saints, we honour God himself.
d. Holiness is the call for all.
e. Holiness of life is possible.

B. How does the church honour the saints?

- Ans: a. By celebrating the Eucharist in their honour.
b. By honouring their bodies.
c. By honouring what belonged to them.
d. By honouring their imaged and statues.
e. By choosing certain saints as protectors or patrons.
